



June 8, 2023

The Secretary, Listing Department
BSE Limited
Phiroze Jeejeebhoy Towers,
Dalal Street,
Mumbai – 400 001.
Maharashtra, India.
Scrip Code: 500470

The Manager, Listing Department
National Stock Exchange of India Limited
Exchange Plaza, 5th Floor, Plot No. C/1,
G Block, Bandra-Kurla Complex, Bandra,
Mumbai – 400 051.
Maharashtra, India.
Symbol: TATASTEEL

Dear Madam, Sirs,

Sub: Advertisement published in newspapers under Investor Education and Protection Fund (IEPF) Rules

Pursuant to Regulation 30 of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, we enclose herewith the following documents:

- a. Clippings of the newspaper advertisement published in Indian Express (English Language) and in Navshakti (Marathi language);
- b. Copy of reminder letter sent to concerned Shareholders whose dividend(s) are unclaimed for 7 consecutive years and whose shares are liable to be transferred to IEPF Authority during Fiscal 2024.

Pursuant to the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 read with the Investor Education and Protection Fund Authority (Accounting, Audit, Transfer and Refund) Rules, 2016, as amended, the Company has sent the above reminder letters in physical mode to all concerned Shareholders.

The above information is also available on the website of the Company www.tatasteel.com

This is for your information and records.

Yours faithfully,
Tata Steel Limited

Parvatheesam Kanchinadham
Company Secretary &
Chief Legal Officer (Corporate & Compliance)

Encl: As above

TATA STEEL LIMITED

Registered Office Bombay House 24 Homi Mody Street Fort Mumbai 400 001 India
Tel 91 22 6665 8282 Fax 91 22 6665 7724 Website www.tatasteel.com
Corporate Identity Number L27100MH1907PLC000260



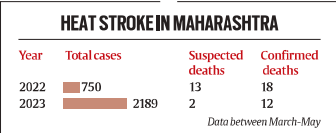
BEFORE THE STORM

Fishermen pull out a boat towards the shore as the region braces for Cyclone Biparjoy, in Vasai near Mumbai on Wednesday.

Beyond numbers: Decline in heat stroke deaths; many unreported

RUPSA CHAKRABORTY
MUMBAI MAY 31

WITH OVER 2,000 reported heat stroke cases—nearly three times higher than that of last year, Maharashtra recorded just 12 confirmed fatalities till May, all of whom were related to Maharashtra Bhushan award ceremony held in Kharghar.



which didn't find its mention in the dashboard of the public health department.

It indicates that no other remaining 35 districts has witnessed any death.

This is in stark contrast last year when Maharashtra reported 18 confirmed deaths and 13 suspected fatalities with only 750 cases of heat stroke till May 31.

This year, in the first five months, Maharashtra witnessed 2,189 cases of heat strokes, of which 410 were from Raigad where the ceremony was organized in April.

Out of the remaining cases, 251 were from Wamda and 167 from Mumbai Suburban. Unlike last year, there were only two suspected deaths—one each in Yavatmal and Palghar.

Last year, out of the 18 confirmed heat stroke deaths, 10 were from Nagpur itself. But this year's data collected by The Indian Express showed that though the temperature in Nagpur was hovering around 43 degrees with four warnings of heat wave, the drought-prone district in Vidarbha region didn't witness a single death, not even a suspected casualty till May—similar like 2020 and 2021 which was attributed to less exposure to heat due to the Covid-19 restrictions.

However, the decline in numbers alone cannot be a sign of relief as several cases are going unreported in Maharashtra. Nagpur has witnessed three suspected deaths of heat strokes

in its chargesheet, the NIA had alleged Harpal was active on social media and sought the creation of a separate Khalistan and had links with a radical group called Babbar Khalasa International. Harpal was alleged to have motivated co-accused Moyn Khan and directed him to purchase a pistol to carry out illegal activities.

Harpal and Gurjeet allegedly posted videos containing praises of militant Jigar Singh Kawara—who was indicted for the assassination of former Punjab CM Beant Singh—also with posts on Operation Blue Star, 1984.

In its earlier affidavit, the Centre had stated that the FCU may only direct the removal of such information pertaining to government policies and programmes, not satire or artist impression, and had called the plea "preposterous" with a notification for FCU yet to be notified.

On Wednesday, the Centre extended the earlier statement and submitted that the Fact

check Unit, set up to identify "fake news" published online related to the government, will not be notified till July 10. The FCU is stipulated under the recently amended Information Technology (IT) Rules.

The MeITY, in its detailed affidavit, stated that the submission by the petitioner that any false and misleading information regarding the business of the government would automatically result in taking down of the said content was "completely unfounded and far from reality."

The Ministry stated that in the event any social media intermediary is notified of any false or misleading content, then after examining the same, the intermediary could either take it down or even choose to continue allowing it to display the same on its platform.

"Under Rule 3(1)(b)(v) the identification of the Fact Checking Unit of the Central Government will have no binding effect on the intermediary nor would it have any effect in the nature of direction to block the said information/content as contemplated under section 69A of the IT Act", the affidavit stated.

The MeITY stated that an aggrieved person whose content has been flagged by the FCU would always have a legal remedy.

"In case, where the Fact Check Unit... intimates the intermediary that any information displayed on its platform is based on patently false and misleading facts, any person aggrieved by the availability of such information would be entitled to pursue any legal remedy; the court shall be the final arbiter of the factual correctness of the information", the affidavit stated.

The Centre also said that Rule 3, which provided that the MeITY can notify a fact-checking unit to identify and tag false or fake online news regarding government's activity, only dealt with due diligence to be followed by the intermediary.

"The said provision in no way confers any power upon the Central Government to block any information, which power is separately provided under Section 69A of the Information Technology (IT) Act and to be exercised independently," the affidavit stated.

The Ministry argued, "The said intermediary would be entitled to pursue any legal remedy and in said circumstances, the court shall be the final arbiter of the factual correctness of the information/content. It is reiterated that any person aggrieved by the availability of an information/content identified (by FCU) to be patently untrue, false or misleading, would be entitled to approach the court of law and the intermediary will not have any safe harbour protections available to it as per rule 7 of the IT Rules."

The Centre also submitted that the Rules under challenge only sought to redress "intentional communication of false, patently untrue and misleading content" and the said rule ventures into an arena where information/content which are based on a true set of facts is sought to be forbidden."

A division bench of Justice Gautam S Patel and Justice Neela K Chhabra on Wednesday said the bench will start hearing pleas challenging the provisions of the amended IT Rules from July 6.

Khalistan conspiracy: 2 plead guilty, sentenced to 5 years in jail

EXPRESS NEWS SERVICE
MUMBAI JUNE 7

A SPECIAL court on Wednesday sentenced two men, arrested by the National Investigation Agency (NIA) for alleged links to a radical group attempting to revive Sikh military for a separate Khalistan, to five years in jail after they pleaded guilty.

Harpal Singh and Gurjeet Singh were convicted for criminal conspiracy and under relevant sections of the Unlawful Activities (Prevention) Act. Harpal, who was arrested on December 2, 2018, and Gurjeet on December 22, 2020, had made separate pleas before the court stating that they wanted to "voluntarily and willfully" plead guilty.

The court granted them time to consider their decision. The two told the court that they had decided to go ahead with their decision of pleading guilty after they were explained the consequences of their plea. Following this, the court proceeded to frame the charges against them and they pleaded guilty.

In its chargesheet, the NIA had alleged Harpal was active on social media and sought the creation of a separate Khalistan and had links with a radical group called Babbar Khalasa International. Harpal was alleged to have motivated co-accused Moyn Khan and directed him to purchase a pistol to carry out illegal activities.

Harpal and Gurjeet allegedly posted videos containing praises of militant Jigar Singh Kawara—who was indicted for the assassination of former Punjab CM Beant Singh—also with posts on Operation Blue Star, 1984.

In the 16 points submitted under the Heat Action plan, the relief and rehabilitation department also mentioned compulsory reporting of the heat stroke cases and deaths that otherwise go unrecorded.

Appaso Dhulaj, director, disaster management cell, said, "Often, the doctors confuse heat stroke with cardiac attack or other comorbidities. This kind of underreporting becomes a roadblock in assessing reality."

But underreporting of heat stroke deaths is the biggest obstruction in gauging the impact of the rising temperatures on human health.

Bagwan Keshab, CEO from NGO Waatavan that works for environment issues said, "At a time when we are talking about the Climate action plan to tackle the increasing challenges of climate changes, we need to have accurate data on its impact on humans. This can help us formulate plans, rather than sitting blind to such a grievous issue without data on heat stroke."

In Nashik, the district has started cooling wards in three hospitals. And the migrant workers have been instructed to avoid working in the afternoon.

The garden department in the state has been instructed to keep the gardens open in the afternoon and so that the labourers and passers-by can rest in the shade.

• In physical form—New share certificate(s) will be issued and transferred in favour of IEPF Authority on completion of necessary formalities. The original share certificate(s) which stand registered in the name of the shareholder will be deemed cancelled and non-negotiable.

• In demat form—The Company shall transfer the shares by way of corporate action through the Depositories to the demat account of IEPF Authority established by the Central Government.

The concerned shareholders are further requested to note that all future benefits arising on such shares would also be issued/transferred in favour of the IEPF Authority.

The shareholders may note that both, the unclaimed dividend(s) and the equity share(s) already transferred to IEPF can be claimed by submitting an online application electronically (web form IEPF-5) available on the website of the Ministry of Corporate Affairs at www.iepf.gov.in and sending physical copy of the same, duly signed, to the attention of the Nodal officer/Deputy Nodal officer, Tata Steel Limited at the Registered Office address (Bombay House, 24, Horni Modi Street, Fort, Mumbai 400 001), along with the e-form submission acknowledgement challan and requisite documents enumerated in web form IEPF-5. Please note that the link to the web form is also available on the website of the Company www.tatasteel.com.

The shareholders may further note that the details of unclaimed dividends and shares of the concerned shareholder(s) uploaded by the Company on its website www.tatasteel.com shall be treated as adequate notice in respect of issue of the new share certificate(s) by the Company for the purpose of transfer of shares in favour of IEPF Authority pursuant to the Rules. Please note that no claim shall lie against the Company in respect of unclaimed dividend(s) and equity shares transferred to the IEPF.

For any queries on the above matter, Shareholders are requested to contact either of the following:

Registered Office of the Company	Registrars and Transfer Agents (RTA)
Tata Steel Limited Nodal officer and Company Secretary & Chief Legal Officer (Corporate & Compliance) Bombay House, 24, Horni Modi Street, Fort, Mumbai 400 001. Tel No: +91 22 6665 7279 Email: cosec@tatasteel.com	TSR Consultants Private Limited C-101, 1st Floor, 24/F Park, Lal Bahadur Shastri Marg, Vikhroli (West), Mumbai 400 083. Tel No: +91 22 6656 8484 Fax No: +91 22 6656 8494/8496 Email: csgt-unit@tcrindia.co.in
	Tata Steel Limited Sd/- Parvathesam Kanchinadham Nodal officer and Company Secretary & Chief Legal Officer (Corporate & Compliance) ACS: 15921

TATA STEEL

Golden Jubilee: An ode to the 70s' cinema

ALAKA SAHANI
MUMBAI, JUNE 6

FOR THEIR most ambitious production till date, city-based theatre group 'D for Drama' has decided to adapt renowned humorist Harishankar Parsai's 'Ek Film Katha' and bring the story to life on stage.

The play 'Golden Jubilee', the stage adaptation of Parsai's satirical take on the Hindi cinema of the seventies, not just lends itself to an entertaining musical but also celebrates the nostalgia associated with the movies and matinee idols of that period.

Talking about the process of putting together this production, Saurabh Nayyar, co-founder of the theatre group and director of Golden Jubilee, said, "The play intends to take a fun look at the 70s cinema for entertainment. For this production, I developed Parsai's short story into a full-fledged play. The narrator in the play mostly uses the author's lines. Rest of the play, including dialogues and songs, are written by me."



The play 'Golden Jubilee' is the stage adaptation of Harishankar Parsai's 'Ek Film Katha'. Express

those scenarios on the big screen as well as ruling the box-office again.

"The play recreates several stock scenes that were part of formulaic Hindi films. For example, when the protagonist is ailing, the heroine sings to

Bhagyar (god) for his well-being and that works."

Most of the situations mentioned in Parsai's story have been fleshed out in the play and some new characters have also been introduced.

While working on the adap-

tation, Nayyar first wrote the songs. There are seven songs in the play composed by Shridhar Nagraj and their music is inspired by O.P. Nayyar and R.D. Burman. With over 20 members in the team, the play has two professional singers apart from the singer-actors in the cast and musicians.

"The audience, especially those belonging to the 60-plus age group, will love the songs in Golden Jubilee," says Nayyar, who started his theatre journey in Jalapur with musical plays. He has also been part of two popular musical dramas—Piya Behrupiya and Stories in a Song.

The play tries to be true to the sensibilities of the 70s by incorporating the vibes of that period in costume and storytelling. "There used to be an endearing simplicity in the cinema then. Even the romance in those days reflected that. For example, in Mere Mehboob (1963), love flourishes when the lead characters accidentally collide and their books fall down," said Nayyar. The play makes use of shadow puppetry to create visual effects.

The play received a warm response during its recent run at the Prithvi Theatre. Golden Jubilee will now be staged at Sophia Bhabha Auditorium at 7.30pm on June 10. Tickets are available on bookingshow.com



June 5, 2023

THIS COMMUNICATION IS IMPORTANT AND REQUIRES YOUR IMMEDIATE ATTENTION

Dear Shareholder(s),

Sub: Transfer of Equity Shares held by you in Tata Steel Limited to the Investor Education and Protection Fund (IEPF)

This has reference to the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, as amended, ("the Act") read with the Investor Education and Protection Fund Authority (Accounting, Audit, Transfer and Refund) Rules, 2016, as amended, ("Rules") thereto. Pursuant to the Act read with the said Rules, unclaimed dividend for past 7 years shall be transferred to IEPF and all shares in respect of which dividend(s) has not been paid or claimed for seven consecutive years or more shall also be transferred in favor of the IEPF Authority, in their dematerialized account maintained with National Securities Depository Limited.

As per our records, dividend amount(s) declared by Tata Steel Limited ("the Company") for FY 2015-16 to FY 2021-22 is/are unclaimed in respect of your equity shareholding in the Company. Details of such unclaimed dividend(s) are available on the website of the Company www.tatasteel.com

What are you required to do?

You are requested to immediately claim the unclaimed dividend(s) due to you by returning the enclosed request form, duly signed along with Investor Service Request Forms & Nomination details (for shares held in physical form), the updated Client Master List (for shares held in demat form) and other supporting documents (such as cancelled cheque leaf with name of shareholder as Account holder), to TSR Consultants Private Limited ("TCPL"), Registrars and Transfer Agents of the Company, on or before **September 16, 2023**, at the address mentioned below.

Please note that as per SEBI Circular dated March 16, 2023, outstanding dividend payments will be credited directly to the bank account of Shareholders holding shares in physical form, once the Folio is KYC compliant and Nomination details are received. Please note that for shareholders holding shares in physical form, they are mandated to update their bank account details, contact details, KYC documents with the Company.

What happens if you do not claim the dividend(s) due to you by September 16, 2023?

Please note that in case the dividend(s) are not claimed by September 16, 2023, the unclaimed dividend for FY 2015-16 will get transferred to IEPF. Further, those equity share(s) in respect of which the dividend(s) remains unclaimed shall be transferred in favor of IEPF Authority in the following manner on the due date i.e., September 17, 2023, in accordance with the provisions of the Act read with related Rules and applicable notification(s) issued by MCA from time to time, without any further notice to you and no liability shall lie against the Company in respect of the equity shares so transferred.

In case the shares are held by you:

- **In physical form** - new share certificate(s) will be issued and transferred in favour of IEPF Authority on completion of necessary formalities. Hence, the original share certificate(s) which stand registered in your name will be deemed cancelled and non-negotiable.
- **In dematerialized form** - the Company shall inform the depository by way of corporate action for transfer of shares lying in your demat account in favour of IEPF Authority.

TATA STEEL LIMITED

Registered Office Bombay House 24 Homi Mody Street Fort Mumbai 400 001 India
Tel 91 22 6665 8282 Fax 91 22 6665 7724 Website www.tatasteel.com
Corporate Identity Number L27100MH1907PLC000260



All future benefits arising on such equity shares, way forward, would also be issued/transferred in favor of the IEPF Authority.

How can you claim the dividend(s)/Equity Share(s) transferred to IEPF?

Should your unclaimed dividend(s)/Equity Share(s) be transferred in favor of the IEPF Authority, the same can be claimed by you by making an online application electronically (web form IEPF-5) available on the website of the Ministry of Corporate Affairs at www.iepf.gov.in and sending physical copy of the same, duly signed, to the attention of the Nodal Officer/Deputy Nodal Officer, Tata Steel Limited at the Registered Office address (Bombay House, 24, Homi Mody Street, Fort, Mumbai 400001), along with the e-form IEPF-5 submission acknowledgement/challan and requisite documents enumerated in web form IEPF - 5. Please note that the link to the web form is also available on the website of the Company at www.tatasteel.com.

Whom should you contact for information, assistance or clarifications?

Should you need any further information or have any further questions or need any assistance in this regard, please contact either of the following:

Contact details of the Company	Registrars and Transfer Agents (RTA)
Tata Steel Limited Nodal officer and Company Secretary & Chief Legal Officer (Corporate & Compliance) Bombay House, 24 Homi Modi Street, Fort, Mumbai 400 001. Tel No: +91 22 6665 7279 Email: cosec@tatasteel.com	TSR Consultants Private Limited C-101, 1 st Floor, 247 Park, Lal Bahadur Shastri Marg, Vikhroli (West), Mumbai 400 083. Tel No.: +91 22 6656 8484 Fax No.: +91 22 6656 8494/8496 Email: csg-unit@tcplindia.co.in

Further, we request you to update your PAN details and Bank Account details with the RTA for shares held in physical mode (in form ISR-1, Form ISR-2 as applicable) and with your Depository Participant, for shares held in Demat mode, so as to enable us to process your dividend claims to your bank account by electronic mode. The manner of providing the information and supporting documents required to take the information on records is mentioned in the enclosed Request Form. For further details, you may refer the FAQs available on our website at <https://www.tatasteel.com/investors/investor-information/frequently-asked-questions/>

Thanking you.

Yours faithfully,
Tata Steel Limited

Parvatheesam Kanchinadham
Nodal officer and Company Secretary &
Chief Legal Officer (Corporate & Compliance)

Encl: Request Form

REQUEST FORM

Ref - _____

To,
TSR CONSULTANTS PRIVATE LIMITED
(CIN: U74999MH2018PTC307859)
C-101, 1st Floor, 247 Park, Lal Bahadur Shastri Marg,
Vikhroli (West), Mumbai 400 083

Dear Madam, Sir,

Unit: Tata Steel Limited
Sub: Payment of unclaimed dividend

This has reference to the Company's letter dated June 5, 2023 regarding transfer of equity shares to the Demat Account of the IEPF Authority, in respect of which dividend has not been encashed or claimed by me / us for seven consecutive years or more.

Please arrange to make the payment of unclaimed dividend as stated below:

(Tick (√) whichever is applicable).

- I enclose the original instrument(s).
 I do not possess the original instrument(s).

I confirm that I have not sold/pledged my equity shares and continue to be the legal owner of shares registered in my name. I have also not encashed the instrument(s) sent to me earlier, nor have I received any dividend money in connection with the payment(s) mentioned below:

Account No./ Folio:

Warrant No.	Net Amount (Rs. P.)	Date of Payment of Dividend	Due date to claim Dividend
		16-08-2016	16-09-2023
		10-08-2017	08-09-2024
		23-07-2018	21-08-2025
		23-07-2019	21-08-2026
		24-08-2020	23-09-2027
		02-07-2021	01-08-2028
		02-07-2022	01-08-2029

For shareholders holding shares in physical form: I request you to update my KYC / Bank details and Nomination, as stated in the enclosed Form ISR-1, Form ISR-2 and SH-13 against the above folio number and accordingly, self-attested documents as mentioned in the said Forms are also enclosed.

For shares held in Electronic/ Dematerialized Form: New Bank Details are registered against my demat account and therefore, I am enclosing the self-attested copy of the Client Master List featuring my new address and bank details recorded against my demat account.

Email ID:

Mobile Number:

Place:

Date:

Signature of the First named Shareholder

Note:

Shareholders holding shares in dematerialized form are requested to update their address and bank details directly with the respective Depository participant(s).

In absence of complete bank details of Shareholders registered against account with RTA/Depository Participant as the case may be, payment of outstanding dividend amount cannot be effected. Payment will be made only to KYC Compliant Shareholders.