Chartered Accountants Bengal Intelligent Park Building Alpha, 1st Floor Block - EP & GP, Sector - V Salt Lake Electronics Complex Kolkata - 700 091 India

Tel.: +91 (33) 6612 1000 Fax: +91 (33) 6612 1001

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

TO THE MEMBERS OF NABA DIGANTA WATER MANAGEMENT LIMITED Report on the Standalone Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying standalone financial statements of NABA DIGANTA WATER MANAGEMENT LIMITED ("the Company"), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at 31st March, 2016, the Statement of Profit and Loss and the Cash Flow Statement for the year then ended, and a summary of the significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

Management's Responsibility for the Standalone Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in Section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") with respect to the preparation of these standalone financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Accounting Standards prescribed under section 133 of the Act, as applicable.

This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these standalone financial statements based on our audit.

We have taken into account the provisions of the Act, the accounting and auditing standards and matters which are required to be included in the audit report under the provisions of the Act and the Rules made thereunder and the Order under section 143 (11) of the Act.

We conducted our audit of the standalone financial statements in accordance with the Standards on Auditing specified under Section 143(10) of the Act. Those Standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and the disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements,



whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal financial control relevant to the Company's preparation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of the accounting policies used and the reasonableness of the accounting estimates made by the Company's Directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the standalone financial statements.

Opinion

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid standalone financial statements give the information required by the Act in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at 31st March, 2016, and its profit and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- 1. As required by Section 143 (3) of the Act, we report that:
 - We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.
 - b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books.
 - c) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss, and the Cash Flow Statement dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account [and with the returns received from the branches not visited by us].
 - d) In our opinion, the aforesaid standalone financial statements comply with the Accounting Standards prescribed under section 133 of the Act, as applicable.
 - e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on 31st March, 2016 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on 31st March, 2016 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act.
 - f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in "Annexure A". Our report expresses an unmodified opinion on the adequacy and operating effectiveness of the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting.
 - g) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
 - The Company has disclosed the impact of pending litigations on its financial position in its financial statements. Refer note 17 (c) of the notes to Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2016.
 - The Company has made provision, as required under the applicable law or accounting standards, for material foreseeable losses, if any, on long-term contracts.
 - There are no amounts required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund.



2. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2016 ("the Order") issued by the Central Government in terms of Section 143(11) of the Act, we give in "Annexure B" a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order.

For DELOITTE HASKINS & SELLS Chartered Accountants (Firm Registration No. 302009E)

Abhijit Bandyopadhyay

(Partner)

(Membership No. 054785)

Place: Kolkata

Date: 15th April, 2016

ANNEXURE "A" TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

(Referred to in paragraph 1(f) under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' of our report of even date)

Report on the Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of NABA DIGANTA WATER MANAGEMENT LIMITED ("the Company") as of March 31, 2016 in conjunction with our audit of the standalone financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India and the Standards on Auditing prescribed under Section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system over financial reporting.



Meaning of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

In our opinion, to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at March 31, 2016, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

For DELOITTE HASKINS & SELLS
Chartered Accountants
(Firm Registration No. 302009E)

(Abhijit Bandyoʻpadhyay

(Membership No. 054785)

Place: Kolkata

Date: 15th April, 2016

ANNEXURE B TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

(Referred to in paragraph 2 under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' section of our report of even date)

- i) (a) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation of fixed assets.
 - (b) The fixed assets were physically verified during the year by the Management in accordance with a regular programme of verification which, in our opinion, provides for physical verification of all the fixed assets at reasonable intervals. According to the information and explanation given to us, no material discrepancies were noticed on such verification.
 - (c) In respect of immovable properties of buildings amounting to Rs. 1,412.28 lakhs that have constructed on land made available to the Company pursuant to the Development Agreement, and disclosed as fixed asset in the financial statements, we report that the no lease agreements have been executed as on March 31, 2016.
- ii) As explained to us, the inventories were physically verified during the year by the Management at reasonable intervals and no material discrepancies were noticed on physical verification.
- iii) The Company has not granted any loans, secured or unsecured, to companies, firms, Limited Liability Partnerships or other parties covered in the register maintained under section 189 of the Companies Act, 2013.
- iv) The Company has not granted any loans, made investments or provide guarantees and hence reporting under clause (iv) of the CARO 2016 is not applicable.
- (v) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has complied with the provisions of Sections 73 to 76 or any other relevant provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Companies (Acceptance of Deposits) Rules, 2014, as amended, with regard to the deposits accepted. According to the information and explanations given to us, no order has been passed by the Company Law Board or the National Company Law Tribunal or the Reserve Bank of India or any Court or any other Tribunal.
- (vi) The maintenance of cost records has not been specified by the Central Government under section 148(1) of the Companies Act, 2013.
- vii) According to the information and explanations given to us, in respect of statutory dues:
 - (a) The Company has been regular in depositing undisputed statutory dues, including Provident Fund, Employees' State Insurance, Income-tax, Sales Tax, Service Tax, Customs Duty, Excise Duty, Value Added Tax, cess and other material statutory dues applicable to it to the appropriate authorities.
 - (b) There were no undisputed amounts payable in respect of Provident Fund, Employees' State Insurance, Income-tax, Sales Tax, Service Tax, Customs Duty, Excise Duty, Value Added Tax, cess and other material statutory dues in arrears as at March 31, 2016 for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable.



(c) Details of dues of Income-tax, Sales Tax, Service Tax, Customs Duty, Excise Duty, and Value Added Tax which have not been deposited as on March 31, 2016 on account of disputes are given below:

Name of Statute	Nature of Dues	Forum where Dispute is Pending	Period to which the Amount Relates	Amount Involved (Rs.)	Amount Unpaid (Rs.)
Income Tax	Tax emand	DCIT Kolkata	2011-12	3,51, 52, 390	3,06, 52,390

- viii) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not defaulted in the repayment of loans or borrowings to financial institutions, banks and government and dues to debenture holders. The Company has not issued any debentures.
- (ix) The Company has not raised moneys by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments) or term loans and hence reporting under clause (ix) of the CARO 2016 Order is not applicable.
- (x) To the best of our knowledge and according to the information and explanations given to us, no fraud by the Company and no fraud on the Company by its officers or employees has been noticed or reported during the year.
- (xi) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has paid managerial remuneration in accordance with the requisite approvals mandated by the provisions of section 197 read with Schedule V to the Companies Act, 2013.
- (xii) The Company is not a Nidhi Company and hence reporting under clause (xii) of the CARO 2016 Order is not applicable.
- (xiii) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us the Company is in compliance with Section 188 and 177 of the Companies Act, 2013, where applicable, for all transactions with the related parties and the details of related party transactions have been disclosed in the financial statements etc. as required by the applicable accounting standards.
- (xiv) During the year the Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or fully or partly convertible debentures and hence reporting under clause (xiv) of CARO 2016 is not applicable to the Company.
- (xv) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, during the year the Company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with its directors or persons connected with him and hence provisions of section 192 of the Companies Act, 2013 are not applicable.



(xvi) The Company is not required to be registered under section 45-I of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934.

For DELOITTE HASKINS & SELLS Chartered Accountants (Firm Registration No. 302009E)

Abhijit Bandyopadhyay

(Partner)

(Membership No. 054785)

Place: Kolkata

Date: 15th April, 2016

Balance Sheet as at 31st March 2016

A.

			Amount in II
		As at Mar 2016	As at Mar 2
·	Note No.		
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
Shareholders' funds			
Share Capital	02	184,500,000	184,500,0
Reserves and surplus	03	126,440,954	83,617,4
and the second of the second o		310,940,954	268,117,4
Non-current liabilities		. ,	,
Long-term borrowings	04		14,520,0
Other long-term liabilities	06	16,306,880	15,153,8
Long-term provisions	05	4,111,228	3,415,4
		20,418,108	33,089,3
Current liabilities			
Trade payables	06	51,611,344	52,000,4
Other current liabilities	06	72,785,615	127,094,5
Short-term provisions	05	116,302	16,0
		124,513,261	179,111,1
AL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		455,872,323	480,317,9
ACCETO	440	A CONTRACTOR OF CONTRACTOR OF CONTRACTOR AND A STATE OF CONTRACTOR AND	A A LONG TO COLOR TO COLOR TO COMPANY
ASSETS Non-current assets			
Tangible fixed assets	07	380,959,364	401,064,2
		380,959,364	401,064,2
Long-term loans and advances	08	3,574,789	940,1
Other non-current assets	09	18,155,954	15,000,9
		402,690,107	417,005,3
Current assets			
Inventories	10	1,071,261	1,789,5
Trade receivables	09	8,599,927	6,733,1
Cash and bank balances	11	40,541,459	47,214,9
Short-term loans and advances	08	836,646	1,628,0
Other current assets	09	2,132,923	5,946,9
		53,182,216	63,312,5
AL ASSETS ·		455,872,323	480,317,9

See accompanying notes forming part of the financial statements

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In terms of our report attached. For Deloitte Haskins & Sells Chartered Accountants

Abhijit Bandyopadlıyay

Partner

Ashish Mathur

Chairman

Jayant Balan

Director

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Shibaji Baksi

Company Secretary

Place : Jamshedpur Date: 15th April, 2016





Statement of Profit & Loss for the year ended 31st March 2016

•		For the year and a	171 Marush 2015	e	Amount in IN
	Note	For the year ended	1 31 March 2016	For the year er	ded 31 March 20
Revenue from operations	12		00 175 746		
Revenue from Construction Activities	12		80,175,716		72,518,0
Other Income	13		8,968,941		6,002,2
Total Revenue	13		3,559,766 92,704,423		1,433,8 79,954, 0
EXPENSES					
Purchase of Water	٠		9,855,832		9.041.3
Consumption of Materials			864,160		8,941,2
Changes in stock of stock-in-trade			(2,600)		993,5
Operation and Maintenance Expenses			13,237,563		3,20
Employee benefit expense	14		11,943,576		11,697,11
Finance costs	15		2,205,488		11,457,47
Depreciation and amortisation			2,203,400		5,629,62
Depreciation		21,400,534		21,324,677	
Less: Transfer from Contribution for Capital expenditure		6,954,947	14,445,587	6,269,251	45.055.40
Other expenses	16		12,273,925	0,209,251	15,055,47
Total Expenses			64,823,531		11,838,19
Profit/(loss) before tax			27,880,892		65,615,81
Tax Expense			5,578,339		14,338,24
Profit/(loss) after tax			22,302,553		
Earnings per equity share:			22,302,333		14,338,24
Basic			1.21		
Diluted			1.21		0.7
			1.21		0.78
accompanying notes forming part of the financial statements	17				
	1,				
rms of our report attached.	. 1				
Deloitte Haskins & Sells	1 1 A	\sim .			
tered Accountants	$\sim 0.0\%$	r and on behalf of the Boa	rd of DiActors		
Alman (Jent Belon	100		
ijit Bandyopadhyay	Ashish Mathur	Jayant Balan	\mathcal{O}		
			Shibaji Baksi		



Place : Jamshedpur Date : 15th April, 2016



Cash Flow Statement for the year ended 31 March 2016 For the year For the year ended 31 March ended 31 March 2016 2015 A. Cash Flow from Operating activities: 27,880,892 14,338,242 Profit before taxes Adjustments for: 14,445,587 15,055,426 Depreciation (1,253,828) (3,379,766) Interest Income 5,629,625 Interest charged to profit and loss account 2,205,488 (204,544) Amortisation of upfront fees on term loan (170,463) Operating profit before working capital changes 40,981,738 33,564,921 Adjustments for: (6,389,011) (6,589,756) Movements in trade and other receivables (1,758,144) Movements in inventories 718,239 Movements in trade and other payables (8,333,485) 65,798,555 26,977,481 91,015,576 Cash generated from operations 269,651 (7,906,129) Direct taxes paid 91,285,227 Net cash from operating activities 19,071,352 B. Cash Flow from Investing activities: (39,753,514) (40.191.937) Payment for fixed assets Receipt of connection charges towards recovery of Fixed Assets 28,318,846 22,850,864 Interest received from external investments / agencies (Bank etc.) 3,336,905 2,448,762 (8,536,186) (14,453,888) Net cash from investing activities C. Cash Flow from Financing activities: (45,000,000) Repayment of borrowings from external agencies (Bank etc.) (15,000,000) (2,208,636) (5,920,020) Interest paid to external agencies (Bank etc.) (50,920,020) (17,208,636) Net cash from financing activities (6,673,470) 25,911,319 Net increase or decrease in cash or cash equivalents 21,303,610 47,214,929 Cash & cash equivalents as at 1st April 2015 40,541,459 47,214,929 Cash & cash equivalents as at 31st March 2016

In terms of our report attached.

NABA DIGNATA WATER MANGEMENT LIMITED

For Deloitte Haskins & Sells Chartered Accountants

Abhijit Bandyopad Iyay

Place : Jamshedpur Date : 15th April, 2016 or and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Ashish Mathur J Chairman

Tayant Balan
n Director

Shibaji Baksi Company Secretary





Notes forming part of the financial statements

(A) Corporate Information

The Company was incorporated as Special Purpose Vehicle (SPV) by Jamshedpur Utilities and Services Company Limited (JUSCO) and Voltas Limited (Voltas) on 9th January, 2008 to provide water supply and sewerage system ('the project') at Naba Diganta Township, Sector-V, Saltlake, Kolkata against payment of water and sewerage charges by the consumer. The proposed project is on Build, Operate and Transfer (BOT) basis under the Public Private Partnership (PPP) Model for a period of 30 years with JUSCO being the lead partner, as per the Development Agreement dated 8th November, 2007 between Nabadiganta Industrial Township Authority (NDITA), Kolkata Metropolitan Development Authority (KMDA), JUSCO and Voltas. Promoter's contribution by JUSCO and Voltas are 74% and 26% of the equity respectively. The operations of the Company were inaugurated on 4th January 2011.

(B) Significant Accounting Policies

(i) Basis of Accounting and preparation of financial statements :

The financial statements of the Company have been prepared in accordance with the Generally Accepted Accounting Principles in India (Indian GAAP) to comply with the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 and the relevant provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the 2013 Act"). The financial statements have been prepared on accrual basis under the historical cost convention on an accrual basis of accounting. The accounting policies adopted in the preparation of the financial statements are consistent with those followed in the previous year.

All assets and liabilities have been classified as current or non-current as per the Company's normal operating cycle and other criteria set out in the Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013. Based on the nature of products and the time between the acquisition of assets for processing and their realisation in cash and cash equivalents, the Company has ascertained its operating cycle as 12 months for the purpose of current – non current classification of assets and liabilities.

(ii) Use of estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with Indian GAAP requires the Management to make estimates and assumptions considered in the reported amounts of assets and flabilities (including contingent liabilities) and the reported income and expenses during the year. The Management believes that the estimates used in preparation of the financial statements are prudent and reasonable. Future results could differ due to these estimates and the differences between the actual results and the estimates are recognized in the periods in which the results are known / materialize.

(iii) Inventories:

Inventories are valued at lower of cost and net realizable value

(iv) Cash and cash equivalents (for purposes of Cash Flow Statement)

Cash comprises cash on hand and demand deposits with banks. Cash equivalents are short-term balances (with an original maturity of three months or less from the date of acquisition), highly liquid investments that are readily convertible into known amounts of cash and which are subject to insignificant risk of changes in value

Cash flows are reported using the indirect method, whereby profit / (loss) before extraordinary items and tax is adjusted for the effects of transactions of non-cash nature and any deferrals or accruals of past or future cash receipts or payments. The cash flows from operating, investing and financing activities of the Company are segregated based on the available information.

(v) Revenue Recognition

(a) Revenue is recognized when the significant risks and rewards have been transferred to the buyer. It is recognized to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the revenue can be reliably measured.

(b) Revenue is recognized from the RVNL - NDITA Metro Rail Project as per Accounting Standard -7 and is recognized to the extent of cost incurred on this project.

(vi) (a) Fixed Assets:

Fixed Assets are stated at cost of acquisition less accumulated depreciation. Cost of acquisition includes duties, taxes, incidental expenses, erection and commissioning expenses expenditure incurred on 'Build Operate Transfer' (BOT) project including materials and services, net of Government Subsidy received. Borrowing costs incurred prior to the commencement of operational activities of the Company attributable to the qualifying assets are capitalised.

(b) Depreciation:

Depreciation has been provided on straight line basis as per useful lives estimated by the management, or at the rates prescribed under Schedule II of the Companies Act, 2013, whichever is higher. The Company has made an internal evaluation of the useful life of the assets and has accordingly assessed the useful life of the assets as under:

Buildings Plant & Machinery 30 years

21 years





Air Conditioners Furniture & Fixtures

10 year 5 years

(c) Impairment :

Wherever events or changes in circumstances indicates that the carrying value of the assets may be impaired, the Company subjects such assets to a test of recoverability, based on discounted cash flow expected from use or disposal thereof. If the assets are impaired, the Company recognizes an impairment loss as the difference between the carrying value and value in use.

(vii) (a) Government Subsidy

Grants-in-aid received from the Government as capital subsidy in the 'Build Operate Transfer' (BOT) project is deducted from the Fixed Assets.

(b) Contribution from consumers:

Connection charges received from consumers, towards installation of assets pertaining to distribution of water and treatment of sewerage, are credited to Contribution for Capital Expenditure. An amount in proportion to the depreciation charge on such assets is transferred to the Profit and Loss Account.

(viii) Employee Benefits

Employee benefits include provident fund, medical benefits, gratuity fund and compensated absences.

Defined contribution plans :

The Company's contribution to provident fund scheme are considered as defined contribution plans and are charged as an expense based on the amount of contribution required to be made and when services are rendered by the employees.

Defined benefit plans:

Company's liability towards gratuity and long term compensated absences are determined by independent actuaries, using the Projected Unit Credit Method. Actuarial gains and losses are recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss in the period in which they occur. Past service cost is recognized introducted to the extent that the benefits are already vested and otherwise is amortized on a straight-line basis over the average period until the benefits become vested. The retirement benefit obligation recognized in the Balance Sheet represents the present value of the defined benefit obligation as adjusted for unrecognized past service cost.

(ix) Borrowing Costs:

Borrowing costs include interest and amortisation of ancillary costs incurred. Costs in connection with the borrowing of funds to the extent not directly related to the acquisition of qualifying assets are charged to the Statement of Profit and Loss over the tenure of the loan. Borrowing costs, allocated to and utilised for qualifying assets, pertaining to the period from commencement of activities relating to construction / development of the qualifying asset upto the date of capitalisation of such asset is added to the cost of the assets. Capitalisation of borrowing costs is suspended and charged to the Statement of Profit and Loss during extended periods when active development activity on the qualifying assets is interrupted.

(x) Earnings per Share:

Basic earnings per share is computed by dividing the profit / (loss) after tax (including the post tax effect of extraordinary items, if any) by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year. Diluted earnings per share is computed by dividing the profit / (loss) after tax (including the post tax effect of extraordinary items, if any) as adjusted for dividend, interest and other charges to expense or income relating to the dilutive potential equity shares, by the weighted average number of equity shares considered for deriving basic earnings per share and the weighted average number of equity shares considered for deriving basic earnings per share and the weighted average number of equity shares considered for deriving basic earnings per share and the weighted average number of equity shares which could have been issued on the conversion of all dilutive potential equity shares.

(xi) Taxes

Current tax is estimated on the taxable income for the period determined in accordance with the provisions of the Income Tax Act 1961.

Minimum Alternate Tax (MAT) paid in accordance with the tax laws, which gives future economic benefits in the form of adjustment to future income tax liability, is considered as an asset if there is convincing evidence that the Company will pay normal income tax. Accordingly, MAT is recognised as an asset in the Balance Sheet when it is probable that future economic benefit associated with it will flow to the Company.

Deferred tax is recognized on timing differences; being the differences between the taxable income and accounting income that originate in one period and are capable of reversal in one or more subsequent periods. Deferred tax assets, subject to the consideration of prudence are recognized and carried forward only to the extent that there is a reasonable certainty that sufficient future taxable income will be available against which such deferred tax assets can be realised.

(xii) Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets:

Provisions are recognized when there is a present obligation as a result of past events and it is probable that there will be an outflow of resources. Contingent Liabilities are not recognized but are disclosed in the notes. Contingent Assets are neither recognized nor disclosed in the financial statements.





- Notes forming part of the financial statements

02 - Share Capital						Amount in IN
Authorised:					As at Mar 2016	As at Mar 201
1,85,00,000 Equity Shares of Rs. 10/- each with v	ostina viete.					
(31.03.2014: 1,85,00,000 Equity Shares of Rs 10/-					185,000,000	185,000,000
	,					
					185,000,000	185,000,000
Issued, Subscribed & Paid up:						
1,84,50,000 Equity Shares of Rs. 10/- each with v	oting rights				101 500 000	
(31.03.2015: 1,84,50,000 Equity Shores of Rs 10/-					184,500,000	184,500,000
Additional Information :	,					
(Out of which, 136,53,000 equity shares are held holding Company and 47,97,000 equity shares are	e held by Voltas Lir	nited)	impany Limited ,its		184,500,000	184,500,000
Total Share Capital					184,500,000	184,500,000
Notes -						
	and the amount o	utetoodlaa assb. b		ad of the		
(a) Reconcilation of the number of Equity shares	and the amount o	urstanding at the beg	inning and at the er	ia or the		
	As at March				I	
			As at March 3	31, 2015		
Particulars	As at March	31, 2016	As at March 3 Number	31, 2015 Amount		
Particulars Shares outstanding at the beginning of the year	As at March	31, 2016 Amount	As at March 3	31, 2015		
(a) Reconcilation of the number of Equity shares Particulars Shares outstanding at the beginning of the year shares Issued during the year shares outstanding at the end of the year	As at March	31, 2016 Amount	As at March 3 Number	31, 2015 Amount		
Particulars Shares outstanding at the beginning of the year Shares Issued during the year	As at March Number 18,450,000 - 18,450,000	Amount 184,500,000 - 184,500,000	As at March 3 Number 18,450,000 18,450,000	Amount 184,500,000 - 184,500,000		





Notes forming part of the financial statements

03 - Reserves & Surplus			***************************************
	<i>P</i>	As at Mar 2016	Amount in II As at Mar 20
Contributions Co. Co. 11 LE			A3 at Mai 201
Contributions for Capital Expenditure		181,108,932	160,587,999
Opening Balance	160,587,995	199,298,122	
Movement during the year	27,475,884	(32,440,876)	
	188,063,879	166,857,246	
Less: Transferred to Profit & Loss Account	6,954,947	6,269,251	
Profit & Loss account - Surplus / (Deficit)		(54,667,978)	(76,970,53:
Opening Balance	(76,970,531)	(91,308,773)	
Profit / (Loss) for the year	22,302,553	14,338,242	
Total Reserves and Surplus		126,440,954	83,617,464





Notes forming part of the financial statements

04 - Borrowings					Amount in INR	
	As at Ma	or 2016			As at Mar 2015	; ·
6	Long Term	Current maturities of Long-term *	Total	Long Term	Current maturities of Long-term *	Total
Secured Borrowings Term Loans						
From Banks (Secured by book debts,first charge over all fixed assets, present & future to be created out of bank finance including tools & equipments, cash accruals and corporate guarantee of the holding company)		- 14,520,085	14,520,085	14,520,085	15,000,000	29,520,08
Total Borrowings	The second secon	- 14,520,085	14,520,085	14,520,085	15,000,000	29,520,08
* Current maturities of long term debt are disclosed as part of Curren	nt Liabilitues in Note - 6(II)					
Notes:						
(1) The repayment schedule of Term Loans are as follows:						
Last date of Quarter ending	Installment per quarter(Rupees)					
2016-17 Jun	75,00,000 x 1					
2016-17 Sep	70,20,085 x 1					
(2) Interest on Term Loan is 3.5% above base rate with monthly rests						





05 - Provisions				711	ount in INR	
	As	at Mar 201	6	As at Mar 2015		
	Long Term	Shoṛt Term	Total	Long Term	Short Term	Tota
Provision for employee benefits						
Post-employment Defined Benefits	3,080,690	92,329	3,173,019	2,830,101		3 030 101
Retiring Gratuity	3,080,690	92,329	3,173,019	2,830,101	•	2,830,101
Pension Obligations	,	, -	-,,	2,030,101		2,830,101
Post retirement medical benefits			_			-
Other post-employment defined benefits			_			-
Long-term Employee Benefits	1,030,538	23,973	1,054,511	585,361	16,040	601,401
Total Provisions	4,111,228	116,302	4,227,530	3,415,462	16,040	3,431,502





	rade and other payables		Amount in IN
		As at Mar 2016	As at Mar 201
(A)	Current Liabilities	COMMISSION OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PARTY OF T	
(1)	Trade Payables		
	Creditors for supplies / services	40.000.200	
	Creditors for accrued wages and salaries < 1 Yr	49,053,793	49,460,311
	Total Trade Payables	2,557,551 51,611,344	2,540,185 52,000,49 6
(11)	Other Current Liabilities	The contract of the contract o	111 Terri (1992 Subserve 1994 Bosen) (Buston)
١٠٠,	Current maturities of long-term debt		
	Interest accrued but not due on borrowings	14,520,085	15,000,000
	Advances received from customers	151,069	324,680
	Statutory Dues	30,224,799	59,362,362
	Creditors for capital supplies/services	499,603	745,270
	Other liabilities*	9,351,531	48,247,831
(11)	Total Other current liabilities	18,038,528	3,414,431
7	Total Other current liabilities	72,785,615	127,094,574
(B)	Long-term Liabilities		
	Other non-current liabilities		
	Creditors for other liabilities (Security Deposits from Customers)	16,306,880	15,153,839
(B)	Total Long-term Liabilities		
` .'		16,306,880	15,153,839
Additio	enal Infoirmation :		
	onal Infoirmation : udes accrued expenses from operations , audit fees etc		





07 - Tangible assets

Amount in INR

As at Mar 2016	Buildings	Plant and Machinery	Furniture and fixtures	Office Equipments	Tota! Tangible
				•	Assets
Cost at beginning of the year	141,228,160	349,667,710	131,846	128,015	491,155,731
	(141,228,160)	(347,586,230)	(122,400)	(89,715)	(489,026,505)
Additions		1,112,970	49,990	132,677	1,295,637
	•	(2,081,480)	(9,446)	(38,300)	(2,129,226)
Cost at end of period	141,228,160	350,780,680	181,836	260,692	492,451,368
	(141,228,160)	(349,667,710)	(131,846)	(128,015)	(491,155,731)
Depreciation at beginning of the year	19,992,469	69,943,867	105,731	49,403	90,091,470
	(15,275,449)	(53,377,403)	(79,673)	(34,268)	(68,766,793)
Charge for the year	4,717,020	16,628,970	26,788	27,756	21,400,534
	(4,717,020)	(16,566,464)	(26,058)	(15,135)	(21,324,677)
Depreciation at end of the year	24,709,489	86,572,837	132,519	77,159	111,492,004
	(19,992,469)	(69,943,867)	(105,731)	(49,403)	(90,091,470)
Net book value at beginning of the year	121,235,691	279,723,843	26,115	78,612	401,064,261
	(125,952,711)	(294,208,827)	(42,727)	(55,447)	(420,259,712)
Net book value at end of the year	116,518,671	264,207,843	49,317	183,533	380,959,364
Previous vear	(121,235,691)	(279,723,843)	(26,115)	(78,612)	(401.064.261)

Previous year figures are in italics & in brackets

Note: Under the Development Agreement dated 8th November, 2007 between Nabadiganta Industrial Township Authority (NDITA), Kolkata Metropolitan Development Authority (KMDA), Jamshedpur Utilities and Services Company Limited and Voltas Limited, the company is required to transfer the company's rights, title and interest in the project and the assets free and clear of all encumbrances.





08 - Loans and advances						Amount in INI
	А	s at Mar 2016		A	s at Mar 2015	
	Long Term	Short Term	Total	Long Term	Short Term	Tota
Loans and advances						
Security deposits	152,930		152,930	82,700	-	82,700
Advance with public bodies	236,600	409,622	646,222	-	739,447	739,447
Tax Assets	3,185,259		3,185,259	857,469		857,469
Other Loans and advances		427,024	427,024	-	888,569	888,569
Total Loans and advances	3,574,789	836,646	4,411,435	940,169	1,628,016	2,568,185
Classification of loans and advances						
Unsecured, considered good	3,574,789	836,646	4,411,435	940,169	1,628,016	2,568,185
Total Loans and advances	3,574,789	836,646	4,411,435	940,169	1,628,016	2,568,185





99 - Trade and other receivables	,	Amount in IN
	Apr-Mar 2016	Apr-Mar 20:
(A) Current trade receivable and other assets		
(a) Current Trade receivables		
More than six months	404,057	152,81
Debtors from sale of water	8,307,588	6,624,03
Gross Current Trade Receivables	8,711,645	6,776,85
Less: Provision for Doubtful trade receivables	111,718	43,65
Net Current Trade Receivables	8,599,927	6,733,19
Classification of Current Trade Receivables		
Secured, considered good	5,571,804	4,870,37
Unsecured, considered good	3,028,123	1,862,82
Total Current Trade Receivables	8,599,927	6,733,19
(1) OI		
(b) Other current assets	129,077	86,23
Interest accrued on deposits, loans and advances	2,003,846	5,860,71
Other current assets(Unsecured, considered good) ^(*2) Total Other current assets	2,132,923	5,946,93
Total Other current assets	Z/13Z/3Z3	3,946,9
(B) Non-current trade receivable and other assets		
Other non-current assets	•	
Fixed Deposit with more than 12 months maturity (1)	17,976,727	12,969,90
Other Receivables(Unsecured, considered good) (*3)	179,227	2,031,0
Other non-current assets	18,155,954	15,000,9
Total non-current assets	18,155,954	15,000,96

*Additional Information:

- 1. The Company has given Bank Guarantees in favour of West Bengal State Electricity Distribution Company Limited valuing- Rs. 21,95,000 (31.03.15: Rs 21,95,000) and in favour of Nabadiganta Industrial Township Authority valuing- Rs. 15,00,000 (31.03.15: Nil). A Fixed deposit of Rs 21,95,000/- is kept as margin money with the State Bank of India, Industrial Finance Branch, Kolkata and Rs 15,00,000/- with the State Bank of India, Commercial Branch, Jamshedpur
- 2. Other Current assets represents connection charges receivable from customer within next 1 year
- ${\tt 3.\ Other\ receivables\ under\ non-current\ assets\ represents\ connection\ charges\ receivable\ from\ customer\ after\ 1\ year}$





10 - Inventories		Amount in INF
(Valued at lower of cost or net realizable value)		Amount III IIV
	Apr-Mar 2016	Apr-Mar 2015
Stock-in-trade of water acquired for trading	30,756	28,156
Stores & Consumables	1,040,505	1,761,344
Total Inventories	1,071,261	1,789,500

11 - Cash and Bank Balances	,	······································
	Apr-Mar 2015	Apr-Mar 20:
A.Cash & Cash Equivalents:		
(a) Cash in hand	33,687	42,00
(b) Balances with banks	33,007	42,00
- In Current Account	11,291,565	10,408,99
- In Other Deposit Account	,	10,400,55
- Original maturity of 3 months or less		
Total (A)	11,325,252	10,451,00
B.Other Bank Balances:		
(a) In other Deposit Accounts		
- Original maturity of more than 3 months	29,216,207	36,763,92
Total (B)	29,216,207	36,763,92
Total Cash and Bank Balances (A+B)	40,541,459	47,214,929





Revenue from operations		Amount in IN
	Apr-Mar 2016	Apr-Mar 201
Sale of water		•
Other operating income	78,956,581	69,418,190
	1,219,135	3,099,813
Total Revenue from Operations	20.00	
The state of the s	80,175,716	72,518,003

	Apr-Mar 2016	Amount in INF Apr-Mar 2015
Interest income on bank deposits Other non-operating Income	3,379,766 180,000	1,253,828 180,000
otal Other Income	3,559,766	1,433,828





		Amount in IN
14 - Employee Benefit Expense	Apr-Mar 2016	Арт-Маг 2019
Salaries and wages including bonus Contribution to provident and other funds	11,519,644 423,932	10,890,644 566,832
Total Employee Benefit Expense	11,943,576	11,457,476

	Apr-Mar 2016	Apr-Mar 201
Interest on Term Loans		
Other Finance Charges	2,035,025	5,425,081
Total Finance costs	170,463	204,544
	2,205,488	5,629,625

16 - Other Expenses	Apr-Mar 2016	Apr-Mar 201
Repairs to machinery		
Purchase of power	98,820	91,262
Rates and taxes	7,112,749	7,950,848
Insurance charges	1,430,170	218,788
Auditors remuneration and out-of-pocket expenses	357,768	322,770
Legal and other professional costs	550,297	556,648
Travelling Expenses	1,047,716	552,650
Other General Expenses	601,518	708,030
Total Other Expenses	1,074,887	1,437,195
	12,273,925	11,838,191





Notes forming part of the financial statements

17 Additional information to the financial statements

a) Lease agreement with NDITA (lessor) is to be executed with the Company (lessee), wherein lessor is to deliver to the lessee on an 'as is where is basis', the full vacant possession of all the land and rights comprising the demised premises free from encumbrances, and together with the Easementary rights and with the full and free right and liberty of way and passage and other rights in relation thereto. Lease rent of Re.1 per cottah (720 sq. ft.) annually for 120 cottahs will be accounted from the date on which the possession of the demised premises is handed over to the lessee by the lessor. Registration of sublease is pending.

b) Capital Commitment:

Estimated amount of Contracts remaining to be executed on capital account and not provided for: Rs. Nil (31.03.15: Rs. Nil)

Contingent Liabilities : Claims not acknowledged by the Company	April-March 2016	April-March 2015
Income Tax	35,152,390	96,599,040

d) Employee Benefits

(a) The Company has recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended 31st March, 2016, an amount of Rs 6,41,276 (2014-15: 5,66,832) as an expense under the following defined contribution plan:

	April-March 2016	April-March 2015
Contribution to Provident fund	641,276	566,832

(b) The Company has provided towards post retirement gratuity contribution, which is yet to be funded, pending formation of the plan and funding formalities. The charge for the year are actuarially determined, details of which are as follows:

(i) Reconciliation of opening and closing balances of obligation	April-March 2016	April-March 2015
Obligation as at beginning of the year	2,830,101	2,419,265
Current service cost	223,266	203,764
Interest cost	240,783	209,975
Actuarial (gain)/loss Acquistions during the year	(121,131)	(2,903)
Benefits paid	**	
Obligation as at end of the year	3,173,019	2,830,101
(ii) Expenses recognized during the year		
Current service cost	223,266	203,764
Interest cost	240,783	209,975
Actuarial Losses/(Gains) on defined benefit obligation	(121,131)	(2,903)
(iii) Assumptions		
Discount rate (per annum)	8.00%	8.00%
Rate of escalation in salary (per annum)	12%	12%

- e) There are no Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises, to whom the Company owes dues, which are outstanding for more than 45 days as at 31st March 2016. This information as required to be disclosed under the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006 has been determined to the extent such parties have been identified on the basis of information available with the Company.
- f) Government Grant has been received through designated agency Nabadiganta Industrial Township Authority (NDITA) from the Ministry of Urban Development, Government of India, under the Jawaharlal Nehru National Urban Renewal Mission Scheme, as capital subsidy in the form of a grant of 35% of the capital cost of the project. The funds are received based on the approval of the progress of the work by Nabadiganta Industrial Township Authority, Kolkata Metropolitan Development Authority and Department of Urban Development, Government of West Bengal. The Company has so far received an amount of Rs.18,49,84,000 (31.03.15: Rs 18,49,84,0000) from JNNURM and Rs.3,93,59,500 (31.03.15: Rs.3,93,59,500) from Naba Diganta Industrial Township Authority till 31st March 2016, which has been reduced from the project cost under Fixed Assets. Grant of Rs 2,55,00,000 is yet to be received.
- g) The Company's principal business segment is construction, operation and maintenance of infrastructure facility for water supply and sewerage system on 'Build Operate and Transfer' (BOT) basis and the principal geographical segment is India. Consequently, the disclosures required under Accounting Standard - 17 "Segment Reporting" notified by the Central Government under Companies (Accounting Standards) Rules, 2006 are not applicable.





I) Related Party Disclosure:

(i) List of Related Parties & Relationship :

List of Related Parties & Relationship :	
Party	Relationship
Tata Steel Limited	Ultimate Holding Company
Jamshedpur Utilities & Services Company Limited	Holding Company
SEZ Adityapur Limited	Fellow Subsidiary
Haldia Water Management Limited	Fellow Subsidiary
Voltas Limited	Enterprise Excercising Significant Influence
Nirmal Kumar Mallick	Key Management Personnel

Transactions	JUSCO Ltd.	Voltas Ltd
Services Received	-	
J. 1710-03-10-03-10-03-10-03-10-03-10-03-10-03-10-03-10-03-10-03-10-03-10-03-10-03-10-03-10-03-10-03-10-03-10-	-	-
Reimbursement of Expenses	-	
	(38,293)	
Rental Income	180,000	
	(180,000)	=
Guarantee outstanding on behalf of Company	14,671,154	-
Odd interest of the control of the c	-29,844,765	-
Rent Receivable from JUSCO	-	
TOTAL STOCKES AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY OF TH	(180,000)	
Gratuity Receivable from JUSCO		-
`	-	
Amount Payable as at 31st March 2016	22,990,160	7,972,89
(Previous period figures are given in brackets)	(52,999,085)	(18,636,482

		(in Rs.)
The second secon	As on 31.03.2016	As on 31.03.2015
Remuneration to Mr. Nirmal Kumar Mallick	3,027,261	2,615,926

j) <u>Earnings Per Share</u>

Lattings for Share		
Basic and Diluted Earnings per Share Particulars	As on 31.03.2016	As on 31.03.2015
a) Net Earnings after Tax available to equity shareholders (in Rs.)	22,302,553	14,338,242
b) Weighted average number of equity shares (for Basic and Diluted)	18,450,000	18,450,000
c) Nominal value of Equity per share (Rs.)	10	10
d) Basic and Diluted Earnings per share (Rs.)	1.21	0.78

k) Auditor's Remuneration:

(in Rs.)

(including service tax) Particulars	As on 31.03.2016	As on 31.03.2015
As Statutory Audit Fees	429,375	426,968
As Tax Audit Fees	114,000	112,360
Out of pocket expenses	6,922	17,320
Total	550,297	556,648

I) As at the Balance Sheet date, the Company does not have any foreign currency exposure (31.03.15: Nil)

m) Previous year's figures have been regrouped / reclassified wherever necessary to correspond with the current year's classification / disclosure.

n) Figures have been rounded off to the nearest rupee

For and on behalf of the Board of Tayant Balan

Ashish Mathur Chairman

Jayant Balan Director

Shibaji Baksi Company Secretary

Place : Jamshedpur Date: 15th April, 2016

