

By E-Mail

Ref.No.: MGM/P&E/17/23

Date: 27/09/2023

To The Member Secretary, Odisha State Pollution Control Board, Paribesh Bhawan, A/118, Nilakantha Nagar, Bhubaneswar, 751012

Subject: Submission of Annual Environmental Statement in FORM-V for the year ending 31st March 2023 in respect of Tiringpahar Iron and Manganese Mine of M/s Tata Steel Ltd.

Reference: Rule-14 under Environmental (Protection) Amendment (G.S.R.386,22.04.1993)

Dear Sir.

We are hereby submitting the Annual Environmental Statement in "FORM-V" prescribed under the above referenced statute, for the year ending $31^{\rm st}$ March 2023 in respect of Tiringpahar Iron and Manganese Mine of M/s Tata Steel Ltd., At/Po-Bichhakundi, Dist-Keonjhar, Odisha.

This is for your kind information and perusal please. Receipt of the same may please be acknowledged.

Thanking You, Yours faithfully, F: TATA STEEL LTD.

Head, Mine & Production Planning Tiringpahar Iron & Mn Mine Ferro Alloys Mineral Division

Enclousure: Annual Environmental Statement (FORM-V) for the Financial Year ending 31st March 2023

- 1) Zonal Office Kolkata, Central Pollution Control Board, South end Conclave, Block 502, 5th and 6th Floors, 1582 Rajdanga Main Road, Kolkata, West Bengal 700107.
- 2) The Regional Officer, State Pollution Control Board, Baniapat, DD College Road, Keonjhar, Odisha-758001.

3) MoEF&CC Eastern Regional Office, A/3, Chandrasekharpur, Bhubaneswar-751023



ANNUAL ENVIRONMENTAL STATEMENT for FY 2022-23

[FORM - V]

For the year ending 31st MARCH 2023

[Rule-14 under Environmental (Protection) Amendment Rule, 1993] (G.S.R.386,22.04.1993)

Submitted By:

Tiringpahar Iron & Manganese Mine M/s. Tata Steel Limited

At/Po: Bichhakundi, Via-Joda

District- Keonjhar, Odisha -758 034

FORM V

[See Rule 14 of Environment (Protection) Amendment Rules, 1993]

ENVIRONMENTAL STATEMENT

for the financial year ending the 31st March 2023

PART - A

Name and Address of the Owner / : TIRINGPAHAR IRON & MANGANESE (i) occupier of the industry operation or process.

MINE

Nominated Owner:

Mr. T.V. Narendran

Managing Director, M/s TATA Steel Ltd.

Jamshedpur, Dist- East Singhbhum

Jharkhand - 831 001

Agent:

Mr. Awnish Kumar,

Chief (Manganese Group of Mines), Joda,

FA & MD, TATA Steel

P.O.: Bichhakundi, Via: Joda Dist: Keonjhar, Orissa - 758 034

(ii) **Industry Category**

: Opencast Mining

(iii) Production Capacity - Units

: 85,000 Tonnes per annum (Manganese

Ore or 0.85 LTPA (as per Environmental

Clearance)

(iv) Year of Establishment

: 1933

Date of the last environmental : 28^{th} Sept'2022 (v)

statement submitted

PART - B

Water and Raw Material Consumption: Mining is not a manufacturing process thus water is not a raw material essential for production; however, water is used for haul road dust suppression and other support services which are not directly linked with the quantum of production.

(1) Water Consumption m³/day (Av. figures for 2021-22)

Process

: 36.62 m³/day (Water sprinkling) (Total-13359m³)

Cooling

: Nil

Domestic

: 24.5 m³/day (Total-8942.5m³)

| Name of the Products | Process water consumption per unit of product output | | |
|----------------------|--|--------------------|--|
| | During the previous | During the current | |
| | Financial year | Financial year | |
| (1) Manager 0 | (1) | (2) | |
| (1) Manganese Ore | Nil | Nil | |

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Remarks: Manganese Ore is produced by mechanized Mining method, which does not involve beneficiation and thus precludes the consumption of water. Unlike manufacturing processes, production from mining doesn't involve water as raw material for any of the operational activities.

(2) Raw material consumption: Unlike manufacturing processes, mining doesn't involve any such raw materials; However, uses various other resources for ancillary services essential to ensure mining such as Diesel, Electricity and Explosives, etc.

The table below reflects the production and dispatch figures for the last two financial year

| Marsa of the | NI C | | gares for the last two illiancial ye |
|---------------|-------------|--------------------|--------------------------------------|
| Name of the | Name of | Consumption of | raw materials per unit |
| raw materials | the product | During the current | During the current |
| | | Financial year | Financial year |
| | | (Year 2021-22) | (Year 2022-23) |
| -Nil- | Manganese | Production | Production |
| | Ore | 67012.000MT | 63135.000MT |
| | | Despatch | Despatch |
| | | 57780.87 MT | 54821.68MT |

Remarks: The ore produced from mine head is used as raw material to produce ferro manganese. Other essential resources used during the reporting period (2022-23) is as follows: Diesel (265.877KL), Explosive (136925 Kg), Electricity (35126 Kw-h).

PART - C

Pollution discharged to environment / unit of output (Parameter as specified in the Consents

| | | issued) | |
|-----------|---|---|---|
| Pollution | Quantity of pollutants discharged (mass/day) | Concentrations of Pollutants in discharges (mass/volume) | Percentage of variation from prescribed standards with reasons |
| (a) Water | -Nil- | -Nil- | Not Applicable |
| | - Environmental qu assess the water qu from the mining ar - The environmenta | t/indirect source for discharge of ality parameters are monitored pality of the nearby streams/nallatess. I quality parameters are monit as well as MoEF&CC along with s | from time to time to hs and monsoon runoff |
| (b) Air | movement of vehicles etc, which is fugitive (mass/day). The environmental quare submitted to SPCI | -Nil- int source of emission fi ts is fugitive dust general in the haul roads, drilli in nature and thus has uality parameters are mo B as well as MoEF&CC alo ls. Refer to Enclosure for | ted mainly due to the ng/blasting activities not been quantified onitored, and reports ong with six monthly |

Monitoring report.

<u>PART - D</u> (Hazardous Wastes)

[As specified under the Hazardous and Other Waste (Management and Transboundary Movement) Rules, 2016]

| Hazardous Wastes | Total Ou | Total Quantity | |
|---|---------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|--|
| | During the previous Financial year | During the current Financial year | |
| (i) From Process Waste containing Oil | <u>Year (2021-22)</u> Nil | <u>Year (2022-23)</u> Nil | |
| Used Oil- HW-5.1 (in Ltrs.) | 310 | 790 | |
| Residual waste containing oil- HW- 5.2 (Kgs) | Nil | 8.0 | |
| Empty Barrells – HW 33.1 (in Kgs) | 120 (04 barrels) | 150 (05 barrels) | |
| Contaminated cotton rags – HW 33.2 (in Kgs) | 1 | 0.5 | |
| ii)From pollution control facilities Remark: The quantity indicated | Nil | Nil | |

Remark: The quantity indicated is same as that of Annual Env Statement of Bamebari Mine which is adjacent to the Tiringpahar mine. Hazardous Waste is managed through a single center.

<u>PART - E</u> (Solid Wastes)

| | (Solid Wastes) | |
|--|--|---|
| | Total | Quantity |
| (a) From Process (Overburden material) | During the previous Financial year <u>Year (2021-22)</u> 318986MT | During the current Financial year Year (2022-23) 162677M³ (406692.5MT) |
| (b) From pollution control facilities (c) | Nil | Nil |
| (1) Quantity recycled or re-utilized within the unit | Nil | Nil |
| (2) Sold (3) Disposal | Nil 318986MT | Nil 162677M³ (406692.5MT) |

PART - F

(Please specify the characterization (in terms of composition and quantum) of hazardous as well as solid wastes and indicate disposal practice adopted for both these categories of wastes)

- **Characterization of Hazardous Waste:** - The significant source of hazardous waste is Used oil (HW-5.1) is mainly Hydrocarbons and consist of lubricants, coolants, transformer oil and hydraulic oil. Lead Acetate batteries are also used in HEMM fleet which are mainly of automotive fuel cells.

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- Overburden being the only form of significant solid **waste** contains lateritic morrum, shale and quartzite, etc.
- Disposal Practice: -
- SOLID WASTES -OB dumps are maintained as per the approved scheme of mine plan where proper terraces and peripheral drains are constructed supported with gabion wall/retention wall to arrest the silt/sediments during monsoon season. Once the slope of the dumps is stabilised then the dumps are reclaimed by plantation of native varieties of forestry saplings.
- USED OIL -The used oil generated at various sources is collected in leak proof barrels and then is kept on an impervious floor with oil catch pit. It is also ensured that the caps of the barrels remain intact and horizontal. The storage area is properly fenced, and caution board displayed. The used oil collected from sites are centrally auctioned to an SPCB authorised/registered recycler for recycling. At present, used oil generated from the departmental HEMM fleet (TSL's fleet of HEMM) are managed by the company through auctioning; however major chunk of generation is due to the contractual operations, managed by outsourced agencies as per applicable norms.
- Provision of impervious pit for collection of oily waste in the workshop premises in addition to the existing practice of collection at specified barrels.

PART - G

(Impact of pollution abatement measures taken on conservation of natural resources and on the cost of production)

- 1. Water spraying on haul Roads and Mine Pits is done regularly to suppress the dust.
- 2. All the haul roads in the mining area are made up of morrum & compacted. Regular repair is being done by dozer & grader after spreading the layer of sweet morrum over it.
- 3. Wet drilling is practices along with controlled blasting followed for minimal dust generation and prevent fly rocks.
- 4. During FY 2022-23, plantation as per PMCP has been carried out over an area of around 2.46 ha with plantation of around 6953 saplings.
- 5. The cost incurred towards environmental measures are earmarked in a separate fund center. An abstract on the approximate cost spent towards environmental measures during FY 2022-23, in respect of Tiringpahar Iron & Manganese Mine is summarised in the table as follows:

Table. Environmental Expenditure for 2022-23

| S.No. | Environmental Conservation/ Protection Measures | Expenditure (Lacs-INR) | |
|-------|---|---------------------------|--------|
| 1 | • 66 | Proposed | Actual |
| 1 | Afforestation on Dump slopes | 5.0 | 8.5 |
| 2 | Construction/Maintenance of retaining wall | 2.5 | 2.8 |
| 3 | Construction/Maintenance of Garland drain, settling pits with check dam | 1.6 | 1.2 |

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| S.No. | Environmental Conservation/ Protection Measures | Expenditure (Lacs-INR) | |
|-------|--|---------------------------|--------|
| 1 | | Proposed | Actual |
| 4 | Env. Awareness/Mines Environment & Mineral Conservation Week Celebration | 2.5 | 3.8 |
| 5 | Annual Environmental Monitoring | 4.5 | 6.2 |
| 6 | Operation & Maintenance of Automatic Wheel Wash System | 1.2 | 0.85 |
| 7 | Dust Suppression-Mobile Water Tanker & Installation of fixed sprinkling system | 12.5 | 15.6 |
| 8 | Surveillance Water Audit by FICCI | 2.0 | 2.4 |
| 9 | Energy Audit | 3.0 | 3.5 |
| | Total | 34.8 | 44.85 |

6. In addition, Tata Steel Rural Development Society also undertakes the peripheral development activities with a large magnitude.

PART - H

(Additional measures / investment proposal for environmental protection, abatement of pollution, prevention of pollution)

- a) Garland drains and toe wall around the OB dumping shall be provided to check and channelize surface run-off.
- b) Plantation of forestry species shall be planted over the inactive waste dump slopes to arrest the airborne dust.
- c) Vetiver Plantation has been done in inactive dump slope.
- d) Green belt has been developed along colony and mining.
- e) Soil Conditioning and treatment practices followed for land reclamation.
- f) In-House nursery for development of native varieties of forestry saplings.

PART - I

(Any other for improving the quality of environment)

- 1. With compliance to conditions of Environment Clearance obtained from MoEF, the following monitoring is being done at regular interval.
 - Ground Water Level at nearby bore wells
 - Trace metal in dust fall
 - Ground water quality at lower level
 - Meteorological monitoring

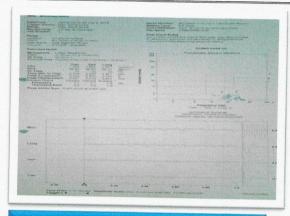
- Trace metals such as Fe, Cr+6, Cu, Se, As, Cd, Hg, Pb, Zn and Mn at specific locations for both surface water (downstream & upstream) and ground water at lower elevation is being periodically monitored by referring to the standards as per BIS: 10500.
- 2. Topsoil generated during excavation are utilized immediately for nursery development and dump slope plantation.
- 3. Measures taken to control Air Pollution: -
 - Water sprinkling on the haul road,
 - Provision of dust masks to the workmen,
 - Adoption of wet drilling arrangement in the drill machines and
 - Black topped road in the residential colony.
 - Green belt along mining and colony
 - Native sapling and vetiver plantation in inactive dumps.
- 4. Measures taken to control Water Pollution: -
 - Construction of the wall and garland drain along the dump slope to prevent surface runoff during monsoon.
 - Construction of soak pits for discharge of sanitary sewage.
 - Provision of oil separation pit for effluents coming out of workshop at Joribar.
 - Native sapling and vetiver plantation in inactive dumps.
- 5. Measures taken to control Noise & Ground Vibration: -
 - Thick plantation has been developed around the mines and office building to provide a canopy cover
 - Implementation of advance blasting technique (NONEL) to reduce the blast induced ground vibration and
 - Workmen are provided with earmuff while working near heavy earth moving machineries.
- 6. Measures taken to control Land Degradation: -
 - Afforestation around the non-active dump for stabilization and
 - Reclamation and rehabilitation of mined out area as per approved Scheme of Mining.

- 7. Surveillance of Occupational Health: Periodical Medical Examination of employees (departmental & contractual) are conducted as per prescribed norms of Mines Rule, 1955. The initial and periodical examination includes blood haematology, blood pressure, detailed cardiovascular assessment, neurological examination etc.
- 8. The mine is certified with ISO-14001:2015 (Environment Management System).

<u>Safety & Environmental Precautions During Drilling & Blasting</u>









Ground Vibration Monitoring

Central Magazine for Storage of Explosive



2 Shovels of (Cap:1.6 m³ Volvo.)



13 Prima Dumper (Cap: 25 MT)



Front End Loader



Drill with Inbuilt Water Injection

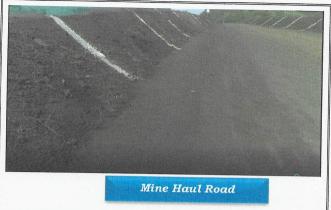
Best Management Practices:

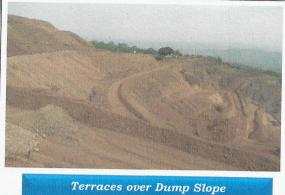


Impact of Grading -HaulRoad



Haul Road with Safety Berms





Haul Road Dust Suppression Measures:

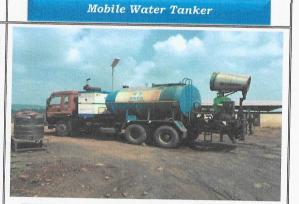




Grader for Haul Road



Fixed Sprinkling System



Mobile Mist Canon for Dust Suppression

PHOTOGRAPHS OF WHEEL WASH FACILITY



Fig.1 Automatic Wheel Wash Facility @ Mine Exit of Guruda Block of Tiringpahar



Fig.2 Automatic Wheel Wash Facility @ Guruda Block of Tiringpahar

PHOTOGRAPHS OF AAQ STATIONS (CORE ZONE)



Fig.3 AAQ Station Near Guruda Sorting Yard (Tiringpahar Iron & Mn Mine)

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Fig.4 AAQ Station Near Guruda Pit Office (Tiringpahar Iron & Mn Mine)



Fig.5 AAQ Station Near Mine Viewpoint (Tiringpahar Iron & Mn Mine)



Fig.6 AAQ Station Near Joribar Weigh Bridge (at the common boundary of Bamebari & Tiringpahar)

Submitted By

Tiringpahar Iron & Manganese Mine

Date: 27-Sep-2023

