# Deloitte.

Deloitte Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab CVR-No. 33963556 Weidekampsgade 6 Postboks 1600 0900 København C

Phone 36 10 20 30 Fax 36 10 20 40 www.deloitte.dk

TATA Steel International (Denmark) A/S Central Business Registration No 16416789

Annual report 2014/15

The Annual General Meeting adopted the annual report on 20.06.2015

Chairman of the General Meeting

Name: Ole Skjold Hansen

## **Contents**

	Page
Entity details	1
Statement by Management on the annual report	2
Independent auditor's reports	3
Management commentary	5
Accounting policies	7
Income statement for 2014/15	11
Balance sheet at 31.03.2015	12
Statement of changes in equity for 2014/15	14
Notes	15

## **Entity details**

### **Entity**

TATA Steel International (Denmark) A/S Frederiksborgvej 23 DK-3520 Farum

Central Business Registration No: 16416789

Registered in: Furesø

Financial year: 01.04.2014 - 31.03.2015

### **Board of Directors**

Klaus-Peter Galla, Chairman Thomas Russell Ole Skjold Hansen

### **Executive Board**

Ole Skjold Hansen, CEO

#### **Auditors**

Deloitte Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab Weidekampsgade 6 0900 København C

## Statement by Management on the annual report

The Board of Directors and the Executive Board have today considered and approved the annual report of TATA Steel International (Denmark) A/S for the financial year 01.04.2014 - 31.03.2015.

The annual report is presented in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Entity's financial position at 31.03.2015 and of the results of its operations for the financial year 01.04.2014 - 31.03.2015.

We believe that the management commentary contains a fair review of the affairs and conditions referred to therein.

We recommend the annual report for adoption at the Annual General Meeting.

Parum, 20.06.2015

#### **Executive Board**

Ole Skjold Hansen CEO

**Board of Directors** 

Klaus-Peter Galla

Chairman

Thomas Russell

Ole Chief Henry

### Independent auditor's reports

### To the owner of TATA Steel International (Denmark) A/S

### Report on the financial statements

We have audited the financial statements of TATA Steel International (Denmark) A/S for the financial year 01.04.2014 - 31.03.2015, which comprise the accounting policies, income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes. The financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

### Management's responsibility for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing and additional requirements under Danish audit regulation. This requires that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatements of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the Entity's preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by Management, as well as the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Our audit has not resulted in any qualification.

#### **Opinion**

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Company's financial position at 31.03.2015 and of the results of its operations for the financial year 01.04.2014 - 31.03.2015 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

### Independent auditor's reports

### Statement on the management commentary

Pursuant to the Danish Financial Statements Act, we have read the management commentary. We have not performed any further procedures in addition to the audit of the financial statements.

On this basis, it is our opinion that the information provided in the management commentary is consistent with the financial statements.

Copenhagen, 20.06.2015

### **Deloitte**

Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab

Flemming Larsen

State Authorised Public Accountant

### Management commentary

### **Primary activities**

The Company's primary activity is sale and service of steel products from the Parent's production plants in Great Britain and the Netherlands, respectively.

### Development in activities and finances

#### **Market conditions**

Throughout the financial year, the market has been characterised by an increasing price pressure.

A merger of the Nordic steelworks, SSAB in Sweden and Ruukki in Finland, has influenced prices in a decreasing direction as both steelworks have focused on maintaining their market shares.

At the same time, exchange rate conditions have made it appealing for the Russian steelworks to increase volume on the market.

The Parent has simultaneously had the opportunity of increasing sales in the USA.

These factors have impacted the volume the Parent has wished to allocate for sales in Denmark.

In the financial year, one of the Company's largest customers – Andresen Towers – has temporarily discontinued production due to a lack of orders. This has negatively impacted revenue from tonnage by 12,000 tons compared to the 2013/14 financial year.

Overall, the above has negatively impacted revenue from tonnage with a decrease from 85,000 tons in 2013/14 to 57,000 tons in 2014/15.

#### Organisational structure

The extensive restructuring and reorganisation of the Parent was completed at year-end. The employees still primarily refer to one division of the organisation.

However, every employee still represents more than one division.

At the end of the year, the Parent has acquired a steelworks service centre in Sweden and a steelworks service centre in Finland. Further, the Parent has acquired an additional 50% of Norsk Stål TynnPlåt, resulting in a total ownership interest of 100%.

### **Management commentary**

In that connection, a Nordic Managing Director, Stefan Landesz, has been appointed who will coordinate sales efforts in the Nordic countries.

The impact - if any - is unknown at the time of the presentation of the financial statements.

#### **Outlook**

The Company expects an activity level in line with 2014/15.

In connection with the implementation of the above-mentioned service centres, a positive development could occur as a result of the Parent's increased strategic gamble in the Nordics.

The impact remains unknown at present.

### Events after the balance sheet date

No events have occurred after the balance sheet date to this date which would influence the evaluation of this annual report.

### Reporting class

This annual report has been presented in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act governing reporting class B enterprises.

The accounting policies applied for these financial statements are consistent with those applied last year.

### Recognition and measurement

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable as a result of a prior event that future economic benefits will flow to the Entity, and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when the Entity has a legal or constructive obligation as a result of a prior event, and it is probable that future economic benefits will flow out of the Entity, and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

On initial recognition, assets and liabilities are measured at cost. Measurement subsequent to initial recognition is effected as described below for each financial statement item.

Anticipated risks and losses that arise before the time of presentation of the annual report and that confirm or invalidate affairs and conditions existing at the balance sheet date are considered at recognition and measurement.

Income is recognised in the income statement when earned, whereas costs are recognised by the amounts attributable to this financial year.

### Foreign currency translation

On initial recognition, foreign currency transactions are translated applying the exchange rate at the transaction date. Receivables, payables and other monetary items denominated in foreign currencies that have not been settled at the balance sheet date are translated using the exchange rate at the balance sheet date. Exchange differences that arise between the rate at the transaction date and the one in effect at the payment date, or the rate at the balance sheet date are recognised in the income statement as financial income or financial expenses. Property, plant and equipment and other non-monetary assets that have been purchased in foreign currencies are translated using historical rates.

#### **Income statement**

#### Revenue

The Entity's income in the form of payments for services i recognised in the income statement as they are rendered in accordance with the agreement with the Parent.

#### Other external expenses

Other external expenses comprise expenses for distribution, sale, marketing, administration, premises, bad debts, ect.

#### Staff costs

Staff costs comprise salaries and wages as well as social security contributions, pension contributions, etc for entity staff.

### Amortisation, depreciation and impairment losses

Amortisation, depreciation and impairment losses relating to property, plant and equipment comprise depreciation and impairment losses for the financial year, calculated on the basis of the residual values and useful lives of the individual assets and impairment testing as well as gains and losses from the sale of property, plant and equipment.

#### Other financial income

Other financial income comprises interest income, including interest income on receivables from group enterprises, payables and transactions in foreign currencies as well as tax relief under the Danish Tax Prepayment Scheme etc.

#### **Income taxes**

Tax for the year, which consists of current tax for the year and changes in deferred tax, is recognised in the income statement by the portion attributable to the profit for the year and recognised directly in equity by the portion attributable to entries directly in equity.

The Entity is jointly taxed with all Danish subsidiaries in the TATA Steel Group. The current Danish income tax is allocated among the jointly taxed entities proportionally to their taxable income (full allocation with a refund concerning tax losses).

### **Balance sheet**

### Property, plant and equipment

Other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

Cost comprises the acquisition price, costs directly attributable to the acquisition and preparation costs of the asset until the time when it is ready to be put into operation.

The basis of depreciation is cost less estimated residual value after the end of useful life. Straight-line depreciation is made on the basis of the following estimated useful lives of the assets:

Other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment

3-10 years

Property, plant and equipment are written down to the lower of recoverable amount and carrying amount.

#### Receivables

Receivables are measured at amortised cost, usually equalling nominal value less write-downs for bad and doubtful debts.

#### Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised on all temporary differences between the carrying amount and tax-based value of assets and liabilities, for which the tax-based value of assets is calculated based on the planned use of each asset.

Deferred tax assets, including the tax base of tax loss carryforwards, are recognised in the balance sheet at their estimated realisable value, either as a set-off against deferred tax liabilities or as net tax assets.

#### **Prepayments**

Prepayments comprise incurred costs relating to subsequent financial years. Prepayments are measured at cost.

#### Cash

Cash comprises cash in hand and bank deposits.

#### **Dividend**

Dividend is recognised as a liability at the time of adoption at the general meeting. The proposed dividend for the financial year is disclosed as a separate item in equity.

#### **Operating leases**

Lease payments on operating leases are recognised on a straight-line basis in the income statement over the term of the lease.

### Other financial liabilities

Other financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost, which usually corresponds to nominal value.

### Income tax receivable or payable

Current tax payable or receivable is recognised in the balance sheet, stated as tax calculated on this year's taxable income, adjusted for prepaid tax.

## **Income statement for 2014/15**

	Notes	2014/15 DKK	2013/14 DKK'000
Revenue		5,713,328	8,394
Other external expenses		(843,240)	(979)
Gross profit/loss		4,870,088	7,415
Staff costs	1	(3,750,990)	(3,632)
Depreciation, amortisation and impairment losses		0	(8)
Operating profit/loss		1,119,098	3,775
Other financial income		11,885	1
Profit/loss from ordinary activities before tax		1,130,983	3,776
Tax on profit/loss from ordinary activities	2	(282,216)	(950)
Profit/loss for the year		848,767	2,826
Proposed distribution of profit/loss			
Dividend for the financial year		949 767	2.007
Dividend for the infancial year		848,767	2,826
		848,767	2,826

## **Balance sheet at 31.03.2015**

	Notes	2014/15 DKK	2013/14 DKK'000
Other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment		0	0
Property, plant and equipment	3	0	0
Other receivables		66 520	65
	_	66,538	65
Fixed asset investments	4	66,538	65
Fixed consts			
Fixed assets		66,538	65
Receivables from group enterprises		2,929,980	5,242
Deferred tax assets	5	2,650	4
Other short-term receivables		12,046	0
Prepayments		30,768	93
Receivables		2,975,444	5,339
Cash		1,125,261	586
Current assets		4,100,705	5,925
Assets		4,167,243	5,990

## **Balance sheet at 31.03.2015**

	Notes	2014/15 DKK	2013/14 DKK'000
Contributed capital	6	910,000	910
Proposed dividend		848,767	2,826
Equity		1,758,767	3,736
Trade payables		25,809	31
Debt to group enterprises		886,093	258
Income tax payable		282,847	888
Other payables		1,213,727	1,077
Current liabilities other than provisions		2,408,476	2,254
Liabilities other than provisions		2,408,476	2,254
Equity and liabilities		4,167,243	5,990
Unrecognised rental and lease commitments	7		
Contingent liabilities	8		
Related parties with control	9		
Ownership	10		

## Statement of changes in equity for 2014/15

	Contributed capital DKK	Proposed dividend DKK	Total DKK
Equity beginning of year	910,000	2,825,753	3,735,753
Ordinary dividend paid	0	(2,825,753)	(2,825,753)
Profit/loss for the year	0	848,767	848,767
Equity end of year	910,000	848,767	1,758,767

## **Notes**

	2014/15 DKK	2013/14 DKK'000
1. Staff costs		
Wages and salaries	3,293,318	3,186
Pension costs	424,353	414
Other social security costs	33,319	32
	3,750,990	3,632
	2014/45	2012/14
	2014/15 DKK	2013/14 DKK'000
2. Tax on ordinary profit/loss for the year	DIXX	DIKK 000
Current tax	282,847	888
Change in deferred tax for the year	1,089	62
Adjustment relating to previous years	(1,720)	0
J Process Journal	282,216	950
		Other fix- tures and fittings, tools and
		equipment
3. Property, plant and equipment		<u>DKK</u>
Cost beginning of year		0.44 40.5
Cost end of year		241,495
Cost end of year		241,495
Depreciation and impairment losses beginning of the year		(241,495)
Depreciation and impairment losses end of the year		(241,495)
·		
Carrying amount end of year		0
4. Fixed asset investments		
Fixed asset investments comprise deposit for domicile.		
1 ixed asset investments comprise deposit for domicite.		
	2014/15 DKK	2013/14
5. Deferred tax	DKK	<b>DKK'000</b>
Property, plant and equipment	2,650	А
L1, Laure and adarburant		4
	2,650	4

### **Notes**

6. Contributed capital	Number	Par value DKK	Nominal value DKK
Ordinary shares	910 910	1,000.00	910,000 <b>910,000</b>

No shares have been assigned special rights.

There have been no changes in share capital in the past five financial years.

	2014/15	2013/14
	DKK	DKK'000
7. Unrecognised rental and lease commitments		
Commitments under rental agreements or leases until expiry	15,667	15,667

An operating lease agreement has been concluded for a copying machine for the period until 1 May 2017. The annual lease amounts to DKK 26 thousand.

### 8. Contingent liabilities

The Company participates in a Danish joint taxation arrangement in which TATA Steel Denmark Byggesystemer A/S serves as the administration company. According to the joint taxation provisions of the Danish Corporation Tax Act, the Company is therefore liable from the financial year 2013 for income taxes etc for the jointly taxed companies and from 1 July 2012 also for obligations, if any, relating to the withholding of tax on interest, royalties and dividend for the jointly taxed companies.

### 9. Related parties with control

Related parties with a controlling interest in TATA Steel International (Denmark) A/S:

British Steel Nederland International BV, Fregatweg 42, 6222 NZ Maastricht, Holland.

### 10. Ownership

The Company has registered the following shareholder to hold more than 5% of the voting share capital or of the nominal value of the share capital:

British Steel Nederland International BV, Fregatweg 42, 6222 NZ Maastricht, Holland.