TULIP UK HOLDINGS (NO.2) LIMITED REPORT AND ACCOUNTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2015

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Directors

NK Misra K Chatterjee S Biswas

(resigned 1 June 2014) (appointed 1 June 2014)

Secretary

SV Gidwani

Company Number

05934891

Registered office

30 Millbank London SW1P 4WY

Auditor

Deloitte LLP Bristol

Strategic report for the year ended 31 March 2015

The directors present the strategic report of Tulip UK Holdings (No.2) Ltd (the Company) for the year ended 31 March 2015.

Principal activities

The Company is a wholly owned subsidiary of Tata Steel Europe Limited ('TSE'). The company is exempt from the obligation to prepare and deliver group accounts under s400 of the Companies Act 2006.

The principal activity of the Company is that of an investment holding Company for the group's investment in Tulip UK Holdings (No.3) Limited. Further details of the investments are shown in Note 7 to the accounts.

The company was dormant in the previous year as defined in section 1169 of the Companies Act 2006.

No change in the Company's activities in the foreseeable future is envisaged.

Business review

The company is managed as an integral part of the TSE Group. The business issues impacting TSE have been disclosed in the business review section of the strategic report in its annual report and accounts.

The Company's directors do not believe that key performance indicators (or discussion thereof) are appropriate for an understanding of the development, performance or position of the Company. The performance of Tata Steel Europe Limited ('TSE') which includes the Company, is discussed in its Annual Report & Accounts, which does not form part of this report.

Results and dividends

The loss for the year after taxation amounts to £1,392,000k (2014: £nil) which relates to a permanent diminution of £1,392,000k in the value of the Company's investment in Tulip UK Holdings (No.3) Limited due to weaker market conditions mainly in the UK construction market, which is expected to remain weak over the near and medium term.

The directors do not recommend that a dividend be paid and no dividends were paid or proposed during the year (2014; £nil).

Employees

The Company had no employees in either the current or prior period, as shown in Note 4 of the accounts.

Environment

The Company recognises the importance of its environmental responsibilities, monitors its impact on the environment, and designs and implements policies to reduce any damage that might be caused by the Company's activities. The Company operates in accordance with TSE Group policies. Activities designed to minimise the Company's impact on the environment include improving our energy use efficiency and reducing the production of waste (both hazardous and non-hazardous).

Strategic report for the year ended 31 March 2015 (continued)

Principal risks and uncertainties

Going concern

After making enquiries, the directors have a reasonable expectation that the Company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Accordingly, they continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the financial statements.

Investments in group undertakings

The company holds a number of investments in subsidiary companies. Although the Directors are satisfied that the recoverable amount of the investments are not less than their book value, after the current year impairments have been recognised, there is a remote risk that in future periods the book value may become impaired.

Future developments and subsequent events

The Company has no significant future developments to report.

By order of the Board

NK Misra Director

之9 June 2015

Directors' report for the year ended 31 March 2015

The directors present their report and the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2015.

Directors' indemnity

The Company's Articles of Association provide, subject to the provisions of UK legislation, an indemnity for directors and officers of the Company in respect of liabilities they may incur in the discharge of their duties or in their exercise of their powers, including any liabilities relating to the defence of any proceedings brought against them which relate to anything done or omitted, or alleged to have been done or omitted by them as officers or employees of the Company.

Directors

The current directors and those who held office during the year and to the date of this report are listed on page 2.

Dividends

The directors do not recommend that a dividend be paid and no dividends were paid or proposed during the year (2014: £nil).

Statement on disclosure of information to the Company's auditor

Each director in office at the date of this Directors' report confirms that:

- so far as the director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the Company's auditor are unaware; and
- the director has taken all the relevant steps that he or she ought to have taken as a director in order to make himself or herself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the Company's auditor is aware of that information.

This confirmation is given and should be interpreted in accordance with the provisions of section 418 of the Companies Act 2006.

Auditor

Deloitte LLP have indicated their willingness to be reappointed for another term and appropriate arrangements have been put in place for them to be deemed reappointed as auditor in the absence of an Annual General Meeting.

Information provided in the strategic report

In accordance with section 414(c) (11) of the UK Companies Act 2006 the directors have chosen to disclose the following information in the Company's strategic report:

- Factors likely to affect the Group's future development and position; and
- The Company's employees.
- · Going concern disclosure

By order of the Board

NK Misra Director

29 June 2015

Directors' responsibilities statement

The directors are responsible for preparing the Annual Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under Company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the profit or loss of the Company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgments and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the Company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Independent Auditor's report to the members of Tulip UK Holdings (No.2) Limited

We have audited the financial statements of Tulip UK Holdings (No.2) Limited for the year ended 31 March 2015 which comprise the Profit and loss account, the Balance sheet and accounting policies and the related notes 1 to 13. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

This report is made solely to the Company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Company and the Company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditor

As explained more fully in the Directors' Responsibilities Statement, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards for Auditors.

Scope of the audit of the financial statements

An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. This includes an assessment of: whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the Company's circumstances and have been consistently applied and adequately disclosed; the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by the directors; and the overall presentation of the financial statements. In addition, we read all the financial and non-financial information in the annual report to identify material inconsistencies with the audited financial statements and to identify any information that is apparently materially incorrect based on, or materially inconsistent with, the knowledge acquired by us in the course of performing the audit. If we become aware of any apparent material misstatements or inconsistencies we consider the implications for our report.

Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs as at 31 March 2015 and of its loss for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Opinion on other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the Strategic Report and Directors' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements.

Independent Auditor's report to the members of Tulip UK Holdings (No.2) Limited (continued)

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept by the Company, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

Andrew Wright (Senior statutory auditor) for and on behalf of Deloitte LLP Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditor Bristol, United Kingdom June 2015

Profit and loss account

For the financial year ended 31 March

To the interior your onded or maron		2015 £000	2014 £000
	Notes		2000
Operating result	2	M	
Restructuring and impairment costs	3	(1,392,000)	
Loss on ordinary activities before finance charges	_	(1,392,000)	
Loss on ordinary activities before taxation		(1,392,000)	-
Taxation	6	=	-
Loss on ordinary activities after taxation	12	(1,392,000)	

The Company has no gains or losses other than as above and therefore no separate statement of total recognised gains and losses has been presented.

The loss on ordinary activities before taxation in the current and prior year derives entirely from continuing activities.

All references to 2015 in the Financial Statements, presentation of accounts and accounting policies and the related Notes 1 to 13 refer to the financial year ended 31 March 2015 or as at 31st March 2015 as appropriate (2014: the financial year ended 31 March 2014 or as at 31 March 2014).

Balance sheet

As at 31 March

Fixed assets Investments	Notes	31 March 2015 £000	31 March 2014 £000
Investments in subsidiary undertakings	8	2,058,707	3,450,707
, ,		2,058,707	3,450,707
Current liabilities			
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	9	(41)	(41)
Net current liabilities		(41)	(41)
Total assets less current liabilities		2,058,666	3,450,666
Net assets	<u> </u>	2,058,666	3,450,666
Capital and reserves Called up share capital	10	3,503,336	3,503,336
Profit and loss account	11	(1,444,670)	(52,670)
Equity shareholders' funds	12 -	2,058,666	3,450,666
Equity shareholders fullus	12	۵,000,000	3,430,000

The accounts on pages 9 to 15 were approved by the Board on 29 June 2015 and were signed on its behalf by:-

NK Misra Director

Tulip UK Holdings (No.2) Limited

Registered No: 05934891

The Notes on pages 11 to 15 form part of these accounts.

Notes to the financial statements

1. Presentation of accounts and principal accounting policies

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 2006 and applicable Accounting Standards in the United Kingdom (UK GAAP). The key accounting policies, which have been applied consistently in the current and prior period, are set out below.

(i) Basis of preparation

Tulip UK Holdings (No.2) Limited is a private limited company incorporated in the United Kingdom under the Companies Act 2006. The functional and presentational currency of the Company is Sterling. The accounts have been prepared under the historical cost convention in accordance with the Companies Act 2006.

Group accounts have not been prepared as the Company is a wholly owned indirect subsidiary of TSE, which has prepared consolidated accounts for the year to 31 March 2015.

As set out in the Strategic report: Going Concern, the Board of directors has assessed the ability of the Company to continue as a going concern and these financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis.

(ii) Use of estimates

The preparation of accounts in line with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the:

- (i) reported amounts of assets and liabilities:
- (ii) disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the accounts; and
- (iii) reported amounts of income and expenses during the reporting period.

Actual results could differ from those estimates.

(iii) Financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised on the Company's balance sheet when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

(iv) Fixed asset investments

Fixed asset investments are stated at cost. Provisions are made if events or circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. Income from fixed asset investments comprises dividends declared up to the balance sheet date and, where relevant, is shown before deduction of overseas withholding taxes.

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

(v) Cash flow statement

The cash flows of the Company are included in the consolidated cash flow statement of TSE. Consequently the Company is exempt under the terms of Financial Reporting Standard No.1 (Revised) from publishing a cash flow statement.

(vi) Related party disclosures

The Company has taken advantage of the exemptions available to it under FRS 8 'Related Party Disclosures' paragraphs 3(a) and (c) in not disclosing related party transactions with other Tata Steel Limited group undertakings.

(vii) Taxation

Deferred tax is the tax expected to be payable or recoverable on differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit, and is accounted for using the balance sheet liability method. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences. In contrast, deferred tax assets are only recognised to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised. Liabilities are not recognised for taxable temporary differences arising on investments in subsidiaries, joint ventures and associates where the Company is able to control the reversal of the temporary difference and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future. The Company has chosen not to discount deferred tax assets and liabilities.

Both current and deferred tax items are calculated using the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period when the liability is settled or the asset is realised. This means using tax rates that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the balance sheet date. Deferred tax is charged or credited in the income statement, except when it relates to items charged or credited directly to equity, in which case the deferred tax is also recognised within equity.

2. Operating costs

The auditor's remuneration for the audit of the Company's accounts was £2,000 (2014: £nil). The auditor's remuneration was borne by fellow group company Tata Steel UK Limited in both years. There were no non audit costs in the current or prior year.

3. Net restructuring and impairment costs

,,,,,,	2015 £000	2014 £000
Impairment of fixed asset investments	1,392,000	
	1,392,000	

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

4. Employees

The Company has no employees other than the directors (2014: nil).

5. Directors emoluments

No directors received any emoluments during the year in respect of their services to the Company (2014: £nil). The emoluments of the directors that are also directors of the intermediate parent Company TSE, are disclosed in the TSE Report and Accounts.

6. Taxation

7.

	2015	2014
	£000	£000
Current tax charge	-	•
	2015	2014
	£000	£000
The current tax charge/(credit) reconciles with the standard rate of corporation tax as follows:		
Loss on ordinary activities before taxation	(1,392,000)	
Tax on result at standard rate of 21% (2014: 23%) Effects of:	(292,320)	•
Non deductible impairment of investment	292,320	-
	-	_
Investments in subsidiary undertakings		
		Shares in
	ui	subsidiary ndertakings
	•	£000
Cost at 31 March 2015 and 1 April 2014	-	3,503,707
Accumulated impairment losses at 1 April 2014		53,000

1,392,000

1,445,000

2,058,707

3,450,707

Impairment losses recognised during the year

Net book value at 31 March 2015

Net book value at 31 March 2014

Accumulated impairment losses at 31 March 2015

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

7. Investments in subsidiary undertakings (continued)

The carrying values of the Company's investments are tested annually for impairment. The outcome of the test at 31 March 2015 resulted in a permanent diminution of £1,392,000k in the value of the Company's investment in Tulip UK Holdings (No.3) Limited due to weaker market conditions mainly in the UK construction market, which is expected to remain weak over the near and medium term.

8. Investments

The Company holds 100% of the ordinary share capital in Tulip UK Holdings (No.3) Limited, a holding Company incorporated in England and Wales.

9. Creditors: amounts falling due with	ıin one vear
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	2015 £000	2014 £000
Amounts owed to subsidiary undertakings	41	41
	41	41

The amounts due to subsidiary undertakings are free of interest and no date has been fixed for the payment of the debt.

10. Called up share capital

	2015	2014
	£000	£000
Allotted, called up and fully paid		
3,503,336,048 ordinary shares of £1 each	3,503,336	3,503,336

Profit and loss account

2014

2015

11. Reserves

	£000
Balance at 1 April 2014	(52,670)
Loss for the financial year	(1,392,000)
Balance at 31 March 2015	(1,444,670)

12. Reconciliation of movements in shareholders' funds

	£000	£000
Opening shareholders' funds Loss for the financial year	3,450,666 (1,392,000)	3,450,666
Closing shareholders' funds	2,058,666	3,450,666

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

13. Ultimate and immediate parent company

TSE is the Company's immediate parent Company, which is registered in England and Wales and the smallest group to consolidate these financial statements.

Copies of the report and accounts for TSE may be obtained from the Secretary, 30 Millbank, London, SW1P 4WP.

Tata Steel Limited, a Company incorporated in India, is the ultimate parent Company and controlling party and the largest group to consolidate these financial statements. Copies of the Report & Accounts for TSL may be obtained from its registered office at Bombay House, 24 Homi Mody Street, Mumbai, 400 001.